

Terabee IND-TOF-1 Connection to Personal Computer (Guide)



1. Introduction

The purpose of this document is to give guidelines for connection and use of the Terabee IND-TOF-1 distance sensor with a Personal Computer (PC).

2. PC setup instructions




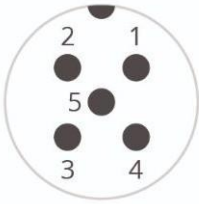
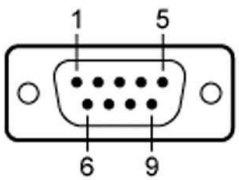
The following section provides guidelines on connection and sensor evaluation on a PC, using Microsoft® Windows® OS. This includes instructions on hardware arrangement, software setup using MODBUS Doctor application (v2.7) and examples on executing commands for modifying some of the basic sensor parameters.



Please note that standard RS485-to-USB converter and M12 Male-Female cable are required for connecting and operating the Terabee IND-TOF-1 sensor with a PC. Please find below links to reference components used for the purposes of this document:

- [RS485-to-USB converter](#)
- [M12 Male-Female cable, 5 pin](#)

Table 1 - Connectors description

M12, 5-pin A-coded connector (male)	D-Sub 09 PoS connector (male)	USB type B connector (male)
		
M12 A-coded male connector 	 Male 9 Pin Connector	

2.1. Hardware setup

Figure 2 illustrates connection logic between the IND-TOF-1 sensor and a PC, and the following components are required for a complete setup:

- Terabee IND-TOF-1 distance sensor
- Straight M12 5-pin A-coded cable of your preference (*not provided by Terabee*)
- RS485-to-USB adapter (*not provided by Terabee*)
- USB cable with Type B connector (*not provided by Terabee*)
- Control Unit (PC)
- Power Supply capable of supplying 24 V DC @ 100mA

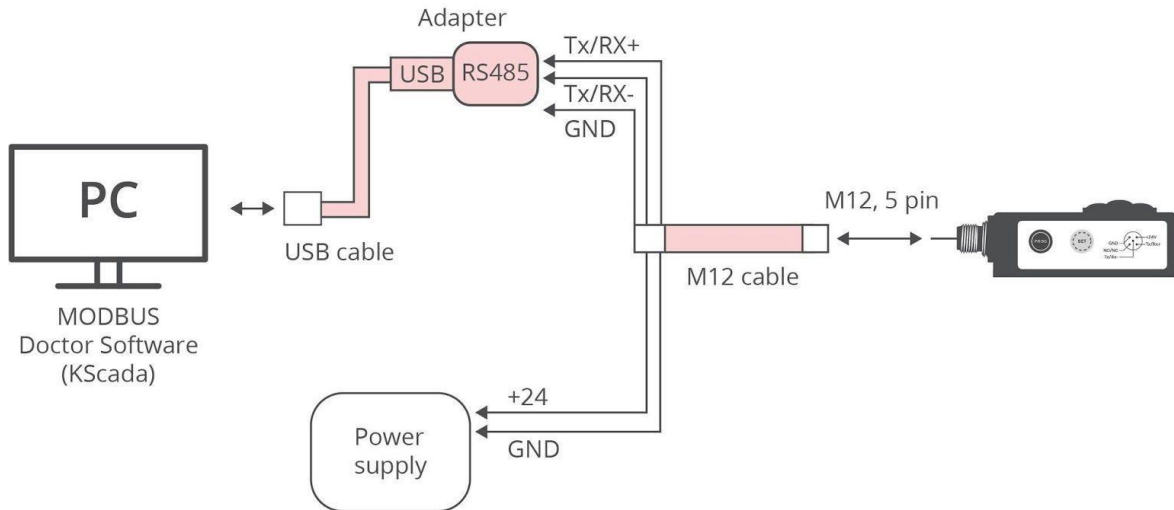


Figure 2. Sensor and PC hardware setup diagram

The following summarizes the steps to be taken for connecting the IND-TOF-1 sensor to a PC.



Please note that there is some soldering involved, as the M12 connector is not directly compatible with the D-Sub 09 PoS connector of the RS485-to-USB adapter.

Step 1

Connect the M12 cable to the sensor's M12, 5-pin connector.

Step 2

Connect the data lines of the M12 cable to the D-Sub 09 PoS (DB9) male connector of the RS485-to-USB adapter. See wiring instructions in [Table 2](#).

Table 2 - Wiring connection between IND-TOF-1 and D-Sub 09 PoS connector

M12 cable	D-Sub 09 PoS connector
Tx/Rx+ (pin 4)	Pin 2
Tx/Rx- (pin 5)	Pin 1
Ground (pin 2)	Pin 5

Step 3

Connect the power lines of the M12 cable to a power supply source. See wiring instructions in [Table 3](#). Wire +24 V (pin) and GND (pin) to the selected power supply (capable of providing 24 V supply).

Table 3 - Wiring connection between IND-TOF-1 and Power supply

M12 cable	Power supply
+24V (pin 1)	Pin x
GND (pin 2)	Pin y

Step 4

By using a USB cable, connect the RS485-to-USB adapter to the USB port of your PC. Please note that the USB cable must support connectivity with a Type B connector on the adapter side, and a preferred connector on the users PC side (Type A, Type C, etc.)

Step 5

Power the sensor by turning on the power source.

Step 6

The sensor's LED indicator PWR will now constantly stay ON (RED) to confirm proper voltage supply.

Step 7

The hardware setup is completed and the user can now proceed to configuring basic software parameters.



During power up the sensor will apply the last operating mode used or mode 1 (factory default) if it is used for the first time.

Note: The NO/NC line is not used in this setup, it can be left floating or shorted to ground

2.2. Software setup

As the Terabee IND-TOF-1 sensor uses the MODBUS RTU protocol for data communication via RS485 interface, for operation on PC we recommend to work with MODBUS Doctor freeware utility software (KScada). To do so, please follow the link below to the official page of KScada and download the MODBUS Doctor software.

Link to MODBUS Doctor download page: <http://www.kscada.com/modbusdoctor.html>

2.2.1. MODBUS Doctor software configuration

After successful download, initiate the software on your PC. Next, select **RTU** to make sure the following settings are configured accordingly:

- Baud rate: 19200
- Data bits: 8
- Stop bits: 1
- Parity: even
- Port Name: select the USB port on which the RS485-to-USB adapter is connected

For visual instructions please consult [Figure 3](#). Once these parameters are configured, click **“Connection”**. Contact with the sensor should now be established and the Status (bottom left) should change to **“Connected”**. [Figure 4](#) illustrates a successful connection.

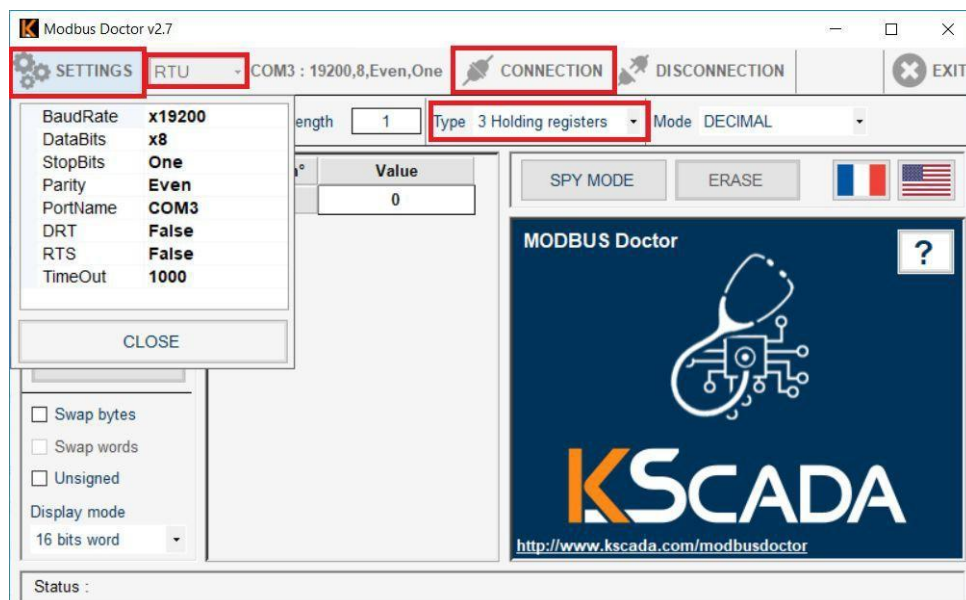


Figure 3. Setting connection parameters on MODBUS Doctor

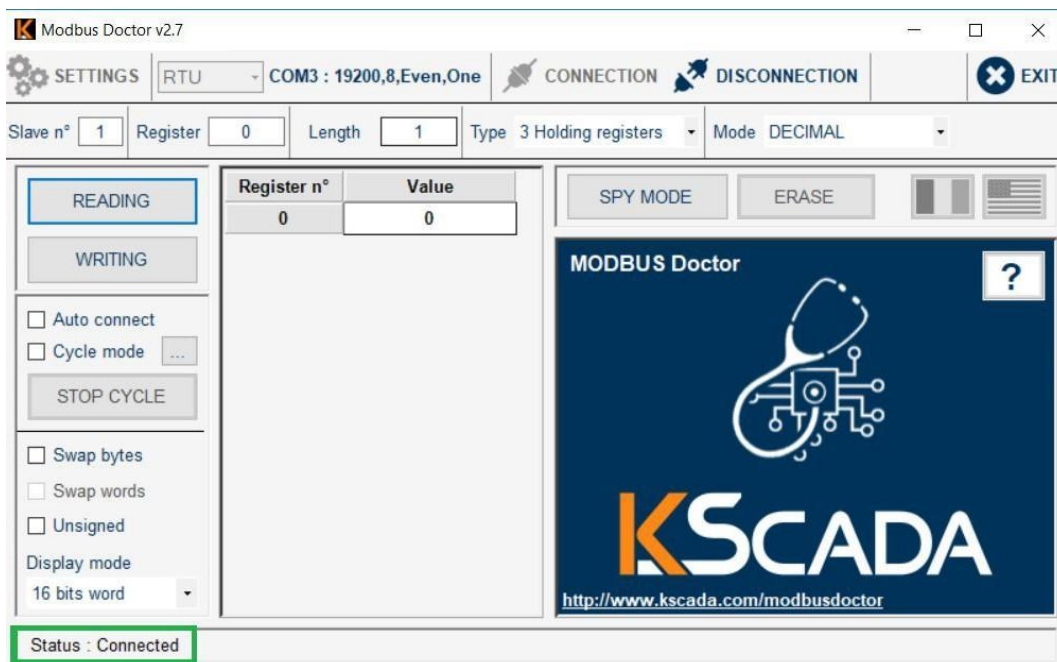


Figure 4. Status after pressing "Connection"

2.3. Basic sensor parameter configuration



To learn more about IND-TOF-1 operating modes and their setup and functionality, please refer to the [official product user manual](#).

To learn more about all configurable sensor parameters, please refer to the [official product user manual](#).

2.3.1. Read distance data example

The MODBUS protocol uses a master/slave architecture of communication where one device or process has unidirectional control over one or more devices. In order to read (inquire) live distance data from the sensor, please execute the following READ command:

Read distance data:

- Slave ID: 1 to 247 (enter corresponding slave ID, 1 in our case)
- Type (function): 04 Input Register
- Address location: 0
- Length (Quantity): 2

Click "**READING**" to execute the command. The distance data is now read from the sensor, and displayed in the "Value" field. During the data read, the sensors onboard LED indicator

(Sel) will blink BLUE to signal that the slave device (sensor) has been successfully selected by the master device, and the LED indicator (Tx) will blink RED, to confirm successful data transmission via RS485. Visual instructions for executing the “read distance data” command are illustrated in Figure 5. The status indicator will also show “Request OK (1/1)”.

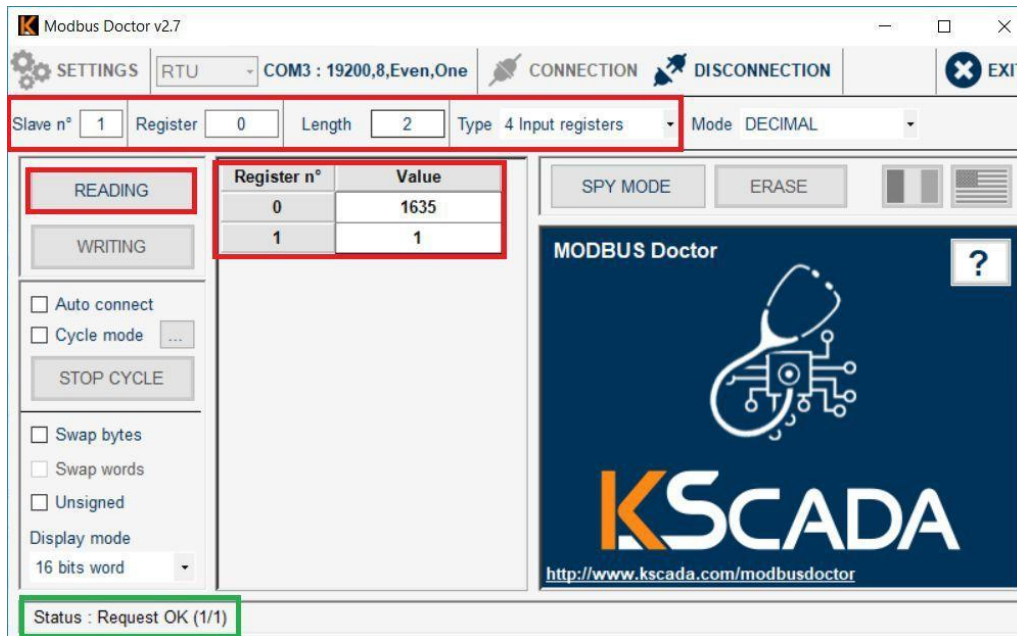


Figure 5. Read distance data command execution example

2.3.2. Switching between operating modes

Terabee IND-TOF-1 provides users with 6 operating modes (learn more about each mode functionality in the official user manual). By default the sensor is shipped with operating mode 1 pre-set. To switch between operating modes, execute the following WRITE command/s:

Write operating mode:

- Slave ID: 1 to 247
- Type (Function): 03 Input Register
- Register: 14
- Length: 1
- Value: 1 to 6 (1 for mode 1, 2 for mode 2, etc.)

Figure 6 illustrates an example for setting operating mode 2. In this case, input value 2 in the “Length” field and click “**WRITING**” to execute the command.

The LED indicators (Tx; Sel) will blink RED and BLUE.

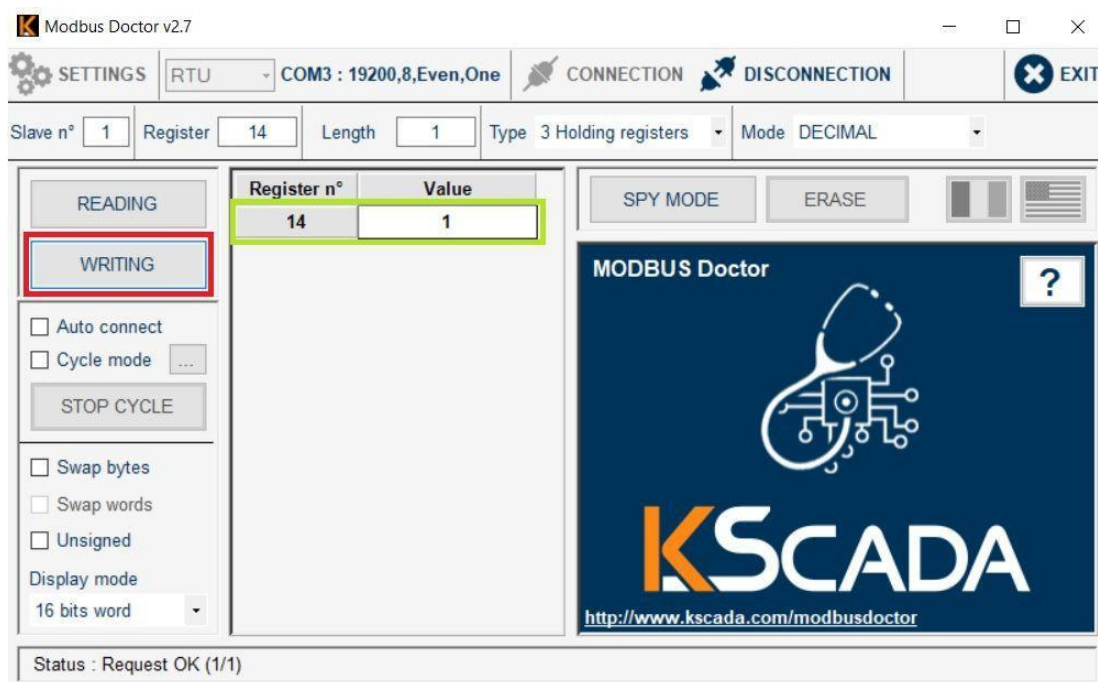


Figure 6. Setting operating mode 1 (MODBUS)

2.3.3. Verify operating mode example

A quick READ command can be executed to verify that the new operating mode has been successfully applied by the sensor.

Read operating mode:

- Slave ID: Slave ID: 1 to 247 (enter corresponding slave ID, 1 in our case)
- Type (Function): 03 Holding Register
- Register: 14
- Length: 1

Click "**READING**" to execute the command. The LED indicators (Tx; Sel) will blink RED and BLUE. Operating mode number is now displayed in the "Value" field.